# STABILISING AMPLIFIER AM18/520

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### Introduction

This unit forms part of a Sync Pulse Stabilising Amplifier<sup>1</sup> and combines the functions of an AM1/570 Video Amplifier and an AM18/507 Processing Amplifier.

The video amplifier section of the unit accepts a coded colour-video signal and a colour-burst error signal<sup>2</sup>; it provides a video output signal in which the phase and amplitude of the colour-burst component of the video signal have been corrected by the addition of the burst-error signal. An auxiliary output, consisting of the uncorrected video input signal, is provided also.

The processing amplifier section accepts a composite video signal (the output of the video amplifier section after it has passed through a Video Source Switch Unit<sup>3</sup>) clamps it at blanking level, in conjunction with an Error Signal Amplifier<sup>4</sup>, and removes by clipping any excessive amplitude of the luminance signal. The original sync pulses are removed from the signal by gating action and replaced by sync pulses of the correct shape and amplitude. The output consists of a composite video signal of standard amplitude.

The AM18/520 is mounted on a CH1/43 chassis with index-peg positions 3, 4 and 5. Video Out and Burst Error monitor points are mounted on the front panel of the unit.

# General Specification

In	puts

Early Video -- 2 dB w.r.t. I V p-p Delayed Video -- 7 dB w.r.t. 1 V p-p Syncs (positive-going) 1 V p-p (from GE2/504)

Clamp Correction Signal —

(from AM3/501)

Sync-gating Pulses 3.2 V p-p

(from GE2/503)

Burst Error Signal 100 mV p-p (approx.)

(from AM1/558)

Input Impedances

**Burst Error Signal** variable (about ohms for small error

signals, increasing with

amplitude)

All Other Inputs high w.r.t. 75 ohms Outputs

Clamp Error Signal (to AM3/501)

Burst-corrected Video Uncorrected Video

-- 2 dB w.r.t. 1 V p-p 1 V p-p

(early video)

Stabilised Video I V p-p (when termi-

nated in 75 ohms)

Power Requirements

+ 12 V, 89 mA +9 V, 70 mA +4 V, 68 mA -4 V, 106 mA 14 V, 90 mA

Operating Temperature

0-45°C

Weight

about I lb.

# Circuit Description

A block diagram of the complete unit is given in Fig. 1. For convenience the circuit diagram is divided into Video Amplifier and Processing Amplifier sections and these are given in Figs. 2 and 3 respectively.

#### Video Amplifier

The burst-error input signal is applied to a feedback amplifier comprising transistors TR17 and TR18. The signal developed at the emitter of TR18 feeds the Burst Error monitor point, the commonbase stage TR19 and, via emitter-follower TR20, the negative feedback loop to the base of TR17.

From the collector of TR19 the burst-error signal is applied via buffer emitter-follower TR13 to the junction of R63 and C20, at which point it is added to the video signal. The amplitude of the added signal is determined by the setting of R88; phase correction is provided by C39 and C40.

The video input signal (labelled Early Video in Fig. 2) is applied to a complementary feedback amplifier comprising transistors TR11 and TR12. From this amplifier the signal is applied to a delay network and also to the Early Video Out connector.

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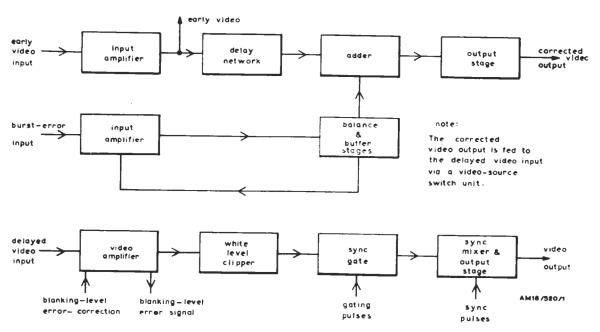


Fig. 1 Block Diagram of the AM18/520

The delay network ensures that the video signal is coincident in time with the burst-error signal when the two signals are combined in the adding stage. The delayed video signal is then added, via emitter-follower TR21, to the burst-error output from TR13 and the error-corrected signal is fed via emitter-coupled pair TR14, TR15 to the output stage TR16.

# Processing Amplifier

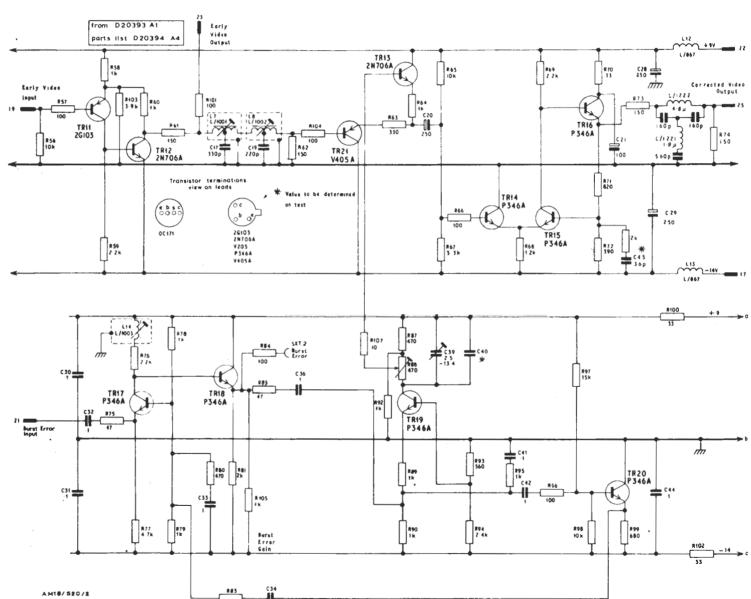
The video input signal is applied via emitter-follower TR1 to emitter-follower TR2. Transistor TR2 is fed also with a blanking-level correction signal derived from the associated Error Signal Amplifier; thus an error-corrected signal is developed at the emitter of TR2. Transistors TR3, TR4 and TR5 form a feedback amplifier; from the emitter of TR5 the signal is fed to the input of the Error Signal Amplifier and to a white-level clipper circuit.

The signal is applied to the clipper diode D1 via a heavily-damped resonant circuit which is tuned to 4.43 MHz; this circuit modifies the action of the clipper and so prevents premature clipping of high-amplitude chrominance information. Variable resistor R17 is a clipping-level control. The clipped signal is then applied, via a potential divider network which reduces the peak-to-peak signal amplitude, to the sync-gating stages. High-frequency correction is provided by capacitors C7 and C8.

The original sync pulses are removed from the signal in two similar diode-resistor bridges which function as gating stages; each stage reduces the sync pulse amplitude by about 26 dB. During the active portion of each line the diodes do not conduct and the signal and the colour-burst pass through the gating stages without attenuation. However, during the sync-pulse periods the diodes are driven into conduction by externally-generated gating pulses5 and present a low impedance to the signal. Thus the sync pulses are removed by the cumulative action of the two gating stages. Variable resistor R24 is used to control the bias applied to the first gating stage and is adjusted to bring the direct potential at the junction of diodes D2 and D3 to zero volts. Variable resistor R32 performs the same function for the second gating stage. Capacitors C11, C12 and C13 are adjusted on test to reduce to a minimum any spikes caused by the gating process.

The non-composite video output from the second gating stage is applied to emitter-follower TR6. Preset resistor R37 enables the level of the signal applied to the output amplifier to be varied over the range  $\pm 1$  dB. From TR6 the signal is applied to a feedback amplifier comprising transistors TR7 to TR10. Mixed sync pulses are added to the video signal at the base of TR8. Preset resistor R49 is adjusted so that the mean potential at the output terminal is less than 100 millivolts.

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# Alignment

See parent unit<sup>1</sup>.

- References to Typical Associated Equipment

  1. Sync Pulse Stabilising Amplifier AM18/503A.

  2. Burst Error Amplifier AM1/558.

  3. Video Source Switch Unit UN9/512.

  4. Error Signal Amplifier AM3/501.

- 5. Gating Pulse Generator GE2/503.
- 6. Pulse Generator GE2/504.

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