# **SECTION 16**

#### MAINS UNITS

The MUE/1 is described in Section 10, the MU/3 and MU/7 in Section 13 and the MU/51 in Section 21.

# Mains Unit MU/1

This mains unit is used in conjunction with TD/7 desks to supply the PFL/4 amplifier. It has a valve rectifier. (See Fig. 33.)

### Mains Unit MU'3

This mains unit is used with the OBA/8 equipment and is described in Section 13.

#### Mains Unit MU/5

This mains unit is used with TD/3702 desks. It has a metal rectifier, (See Fig. 33.)

# Mains Unit MU/7

This mains unit forms part of the loudspeaker unit LSU/1. (See Section 13.)

### Mains Unit MU/8

The Mains Unit MU/8 was originally designed for use in emergency control rooms. The unit comprises two separate supply units which are identical, each providing h.t. supply of  $300\,\mathrm{V}$  40 mA, or  $250\,\mathrm{V}$   $25\,\mathrm{mA}$  (according to the connections made on the smoothing choke C9A), and l.t. supply of  $4\,\mathrm{V}$  4 A.

The unit is adequately screened, and may be placed in close proximity to a high-gain amplifier without causing excessive mains hum.

### Circuit Description (Fig. 40)

The mains supply is fed to the transformer primary through a double-pole switch and a pair of 750-mA fuses mounted on the front panel. The transformer primary is tapped for supply voltages between 200 and 250 volts, in steps of 10 volts. A neon indicator is connected across the mains unit side of the mains switch.

The l.t. secondary winding is tapped for voltages of 4.25 or 4.6, the latter tapping being used where the filament consumption is heavy, or where the supply leads are sufficiently long to cause excessive voltage drop.

H.T. supply is obtained from a full-wave valve rectifier of the UU/4 type.

Control over the output voltage is effected by the tapped smoothing choke. For an output of 250 volts at 25 mA the two sections of the choke are connected in series, and for 300 volts at 40 mA the two sections are used in parallel.

The arrangement of the smoothing choke tappings to meet the required conditions is shown on the circuit diagram. Fig. 40.

The mains input connector takes the form of a five-pin plug and socket, and is located at the back of the unit. The output connectors from each half of the unit are also terminated on plugs and sockets.

The back of the unit is fitted with a dust cover which cannot be removed until the mains and output plugs have been disconnected.

Facilities are provided at the back of the unit for emergency battery supplies. These consist of two l.t. and two h.t. terminals to which the batteries can be connected, and a three-pole, double-throw switch for quick change-over from mains to battery supply, the arrangement being duplicated to cater for each half-section.

# Mains Unit MU/8A. (Fig. 41)

This unit is similar to the Mains Unit MU/8 but has no provision for changing over to battery supply.

In some cases, where the unit is used to feed two amplifiers, the supply to each amplifier is taken from subsidiary plugs and sockets, so that either amplifier can be isolated from the mains unit.

# Mains Unit MU/16

The Mains Unit MU/16 is designed to provide rectified h.t. and a.c. l.t. supplies for amplifiers having total feeds of 80 mA or less, and filament consumption of 6 A or less. The no-load h.t. voltage is 385.

This unit is not screened and may not therefore be installed close to an amplifier.

#### Circuit Description (Fig. 42)

The a.c. mains supply is fed to the transformer primary through a pair of 500-mA fuses and a single-pole switch. The transformer primary is tapped for mains supplies of 200-240 volts in steps of 20 volts. Alternative tappings giving either 4.3

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or 5 volts are provided on the l.t. secondary winding, the 5 volt tapping being used where a heavy l.t. load is required, or where the supply lead to the amplifier is sufficiently long to cause excessive voltage drop.

H.T. supply is obtained from a full-wave valve rectifier of the UU/4 type. The smoothing choke is tapped so that the two sections may be used in series for an h.t. load not exceeding 40 mA, or in parallel for loads between 40 and 80 mA. The connections tor these adjustments are clearly shown on the circuit diagram, Fig. 42.

In cases where the total feed required is small, a suitable voltage-dropping resistor should be inserted in place of the strap connecting the positive terminals of the  $16-\mu F$  electrolytic smoothing capacitors.

# Mains Unit MU/20

This mains unit is used in conjunction with the Type D recorder and supplies h.t. and l.t. to the LSM/7, two AMC/2A amplifiers and two LFA/1 amplifiers. The unit is constructed on a chassis and is not intended for rack-mounting. Full details of the circuit, etc., are given in Instruction R.1.

# Mains Unit MU/21

This mains unit is used in conjunction with the Type D Recorder and supplies h.t. and g.b. for the DRA/4 amplifier. The unit is constructed on a chassis and is not intended for rack-mounting. Full details of the circuit, etc., are given in Instruction R.1.

### Mains Unit MU/29

The mains unit MU/29 is designed to supply the following alternative d.c. outputs:

(a) 30 volts at 50 mA with minimum ripple for wiping and biasing in Marconi-Stillerecorders.

- (b) 24 volts at 250 mA for operation of 24-volt relays.
- (c) 30 volts at 250 mA.
- (d) 48 volts at 250 mA for operation of 48-volt relays.

Output (c) has been found useful for continuous charging of a 30-volt clock battery.

The unit is constructed on a 4½-inch panel and the fuses, on/off switch and indicator lamp are mounted on the front. The lamp is connected in series with a variable resistor which is accessible on removing the cover.

# Circuit Description (Fig. 43)

The mains input is connected to the appropriate tapping points on the primary of the mains transformer by flexible leads, and a two-pole switch and a pair of 750-mA fuses are included in the circuit. The secondary of the mains transformer is also tapped and the appropriate voltage is applied to the full-wave copper-oxide bridge-type rectifier by flexible leads. To give good voltage regulation, the pulsating d.c. output of the rectifier is smoothed by a choke-input filter and this part of the circuit includes a 500-mA fuse for protection. The smoothing choke includes two identical windings which are connected in parallel to give outputs (b) (c) and (d), and in series (to give better smoothing) for output (a) The 24-volt indicator lamp is connected across the smoothed d.c. output and the variable series resistor is included to reduce the voltage applied to the lamp when the d.c. output of the unit exceeds 24 volts.

#### Test Data

The performance of the unit is illustrated in the following table, which applies when the lamp resistor is adjusted to give 24 volts across the lamp for all tests.

NOMINAL.

TEST VALUES

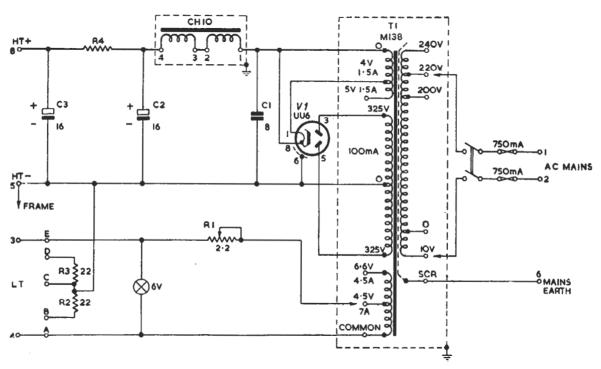
Test	Volts	Maximum output mA		Transformer output tap	Choke connections	Load, mA	Output volts		Dinale
							Min.	Max.	Ripple dB.
(a)	24	250	normal	36	parallel	0		29	- 6
(b)	30	50	low	36 36+5	parallel series	250 0	23	32	-20
(c)	30	250	normal	36+5 36+5	serics parallel	50 0	29	33	- 6
(d)	48	250	normal	36+5 60	parallel parallel	$\frac{250}{0}$ .	28	52	- 4
				60	parallel	250	45		

### Mains Unit, MU/31

#### General

The MU/31 is a twin power-supply unit of panel construction designed for general use with post-war amplifiers. For each half of the unit the maximum h.t. output is 100 mA at 300 volts and maximum l.t. output 7 amps at 4·1 volts or 4·5 amps at 6·3 volts. The total output, however, should not exceed 50 watts for each half unit.

winding supplies 325 volts to the anodes of the full-wave rectifier V1 (type UU6) and the series arms of the  $\pi$ -section smoothing circuit contains a choke L1 and a resistor R4. The choke has two similar windings which are connected in series when an output current of 60 mA or less is required and in parallel for greater outputs. The value of the resistor R4 is adjusted on installation, dependent on the current required, to maintain the h.t. voltage at about 300 volts. Typical values and



Notes I. When LT centre tap required strap A to B & D to E

2. When parallel operation of choke is required strap
choke tags I to 3 & 2 to 4

Fig. 16.1 Mains Unit MU/31, Circuit Drawing

#### Circuit Description

The MU/31 contains two identical power packs the circuit of which is shown in the diagram. The a.c. mains input includes a two-pole on/off switch and two 750-mA fuses and the primary winding of the mains transformer is tapped for supplies between 200 and 250 volts. The h.t. secondary

dissipation ratings are given in the table overleaf.

The l.t., secondary is tapped to give 6.6 or 4.5 volts and a variable series resistor R1 is adjusted to give the required 6.3 or 4.0 volts for heater supplies. The resistors R2 and R3 provide an earthed artificial centre tap of the l.t. supply by strapping A to B and D to E.

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# Test Specification

Output Current (mA)	R4		Choke Connections	1).C Output, volts		Ripple dB below 0.775 volts
	Resistance	II'atts	Connections	Min.	Max.	1 0-773 von.
8	15k Ω	2	Scries	297	357	60
16	6·8k Ω	2	,,	293	359	58
24	3·9k Ω	3	,,	291	352	52
32	2·2k Ω	3	,,	298	353	50
40	1·5k Ω	3	,,	295	345	49
50	680 Ω	2	,,	306	330	43
60	390 Ω	2	,,	305	344	38
80	270 Ω	2	Parallel	314	355	27
100	0		,,	314	346	13

4041/S3/EJC FIG.40 \$3 -TAG STRIP M27 A 5-42 A 6245 12.3A PANEL C9Ã BATTE RY MAINS FR 1 12 NEON UU/4 250,0002 16-HT #1 2 52 + 16µF او 110 4 μF õ 210 P LT 01 -0 BATTERY IN to 220 -0 C TERMINALS C 2301 SUPPLY OUT -0 SOCKET 240 270 is the property of the British 250 C/9A CONNECTIONS 4-0A Corporation and may not be reproduce FOR 40 mA 300V APPROX. CONNECT TO 2 & 3 AND STRAP 2-4 AND 3-5. a third party in any form without the the Corporation. EARTH MAINS INPUT 4.0 V SCREEN I PLUG FOR 25 mA 25 OV APPROX. L CONNECT TO I & 5 AND STRAP 3-4 AS SHOWN. COMMON TO UNIT MU/ 8 COMPRISES 2 IDENTICAL ī5 -13 1 MAINS SHOWN. UNITS **---**TO 2 nd UNIT **MAINS** UNIT MU/8 This drawing FIG.41 TAG STRIP M27C PANEL C9 A FR 12 NEON 2701 UU /4 0 16 µF 16 µF 200 0 LT 210 C 0 SUPPLY OUT 0 SOCKET 230 C 270 C/9A CONNECTIONS 240 FOR 40mA 300V APPRO CONNECT TO 2 & 3 AND STRAP 2-4 AND 3-5 300V APPROX 4-0A 250 1 FOR 25MA 250V APPROX CONNECT TO | & 5 AND STRAP 3-4 AS SHOWN. 4-0Y O EARTH SCREEN MAINS INPUT PLUG COMMON TO MU/ 8 A COMPRISES 2 IDENTICAL HAVING CIRCUIT AS SHOWN,

MAINS

UNIT

MU/8A

TO 2nd UNIT

**S**3

CHANGE FUSES WERE 750 mA

ISS

м37 HT+ --@5 4V 2.5 A CHI บบ4 CI ■4µF + C2 = 16μF C3 ⊒16µF 500mA TYPE K HT--A.C. MAINS 2000 500mA TYPE K 240° روووقا **o**4⋅3∨ MAINS фсом.

> NOTE:-VOLTAGE DROPPING RES. R' TO BE INSERTED AS SHOWN WHEN NECESSARY

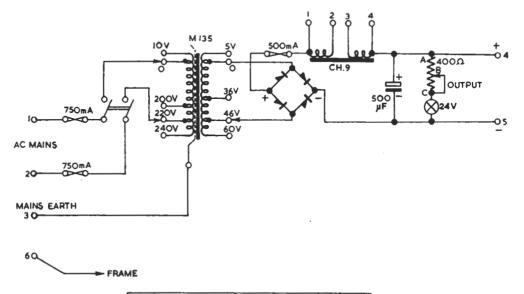
CHOKE SECTIONS	CHOKE CONNECTIONS	MAX. H.T. LOAD
SERIES	STRAP TAG 2TO 3	40mA
PARALLEL	STRAP) 1 TO 3 TAGS 2 TO 4	80mA

MAINS UNIT MU/16

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ISSUE	AMENDMENT
3	TAG 3 ADDED MI35 SCREEN RE-
	CONNECTED TO TAG 3





CHOKE SECTIONS	CHOKE CONNECTIONS	MAX. H.T.LOAD	
SERIES	STRAP TAG 2TO3	50mA	
PARALLEL	STRAP 1 TO 3 TAGS 2 TO 4	250mA	

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